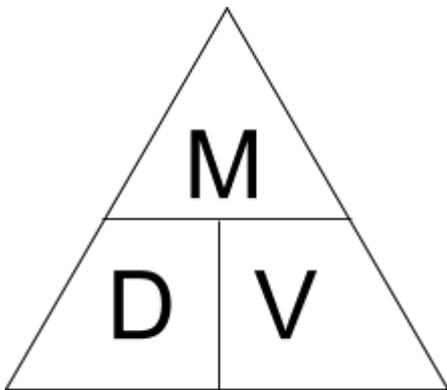


WorksheetCloud: MEMORANDUM

Grade 8

Subject: Natural Sciences

Topic: Introduction to Density: Calculations



density = mass \div volume

mass = density \times volume

volume = mass \div density

The units for density are:

grams/cubic centimeter (g/cm^3) or $\text{g}\cdot\text{cm}^{-3}$

kilograms/cubic metre (kg/m^3) or $\text{g}\cdot\text{m}^{-3}$

ACTIVITY 1

1. Calculate the density of the following. * **answers to two decimal places**

a) Water has a mass of 1g and a volume of 1cm³

$$\begin{aligned}\text{density} &= \text{mass} \div \text{volume} \\ &= 1\text{g} \div 1\text{cm}^3 \\ &= 1 \text{ g/cm}^3\end{aligned}$$

b) Object B has a mass of 30g and a volume of 100cm³

$$\begin{aligned}\text{density} &= \text{mass} \div \text{volume} \\ &= 30\text{g} \div 100\text{cm}^3 \\ &= 0.30 \text{ g/cm}^3\end{aligned}$$

c) Object C has a mass of 100g and a volume of 10cm³

$$\begin{aligned}\text{density} &= \text{mass} \div \text{volume} \\ &= 100 \text{ g} \div 10 \text{ cm}^3 \\ &= 10 \text{ g/cm}^3\end{aligned}$$

2. Calculate the volume of the following

a) Object D has a mass of **1kg** and a density of 6.1g/cm³

$$\begin{aligned}\text{volume} &= \text{mass} \div \text{density} && * \text{ need to convert kg to g} \\ &= 1000\text{g} \div 6.1\text{g/cm}^3 \\ &= 163.93 \text{ cm}^3\end{aligned}$$

b) Object E has a mass of 500g and a density of 2.1g/cm³

$$\begin{aligned}\text{volume} &= \text{mass} \div \text{density} \\ &= 500\text{g} \div 2.1\text{g/cm}^3 \\ &= 238.09 \text{ cm}^3\end{aligned}$$

3. Calculate the mass of the following

Object F has a volume of **1m³** and a density of 0.6g/cm³

$$\begin{aligned}\text{mass} &= \text{density} \times \text{volume} && * \text{ convert m}^3 \text{ to cm}^3 \\ \text{mass} &= 0.6\text{g/cm}^3 \times 1\,000\,000 \text{ cm}^3 \\ \text{mass} &= 600\,000 \text{ g}\end{aligned}$$

ACTIVITY 2:

2.1. Mass is measured in the following unit

- A. cm
- B. g**
- C. $\text{g}\cdot\text{cm}^{-3}$
- D. m

2.2. The unit for volume is

- A. cm
- B. $\text{g}\cdot\text{cm}^{-3}$
- C. kg
- D. cm^3**

2.3. The formula for determining the volume of a rectangular block is

- A. $l \times b$
- B. $l + b + h$
- C. $l \times l \times l$
- D. $l \times b \times h$**

2.4. The SI unit for density is

- A. $\text{kg}\cdot\text{m}^3$
- B. $\text{cm}^3\cdot\text{g}^{-1}$
- C. $\text{kg}\cdot\text{cm}^{-3}$
- D. $\text{g}\cdot\text{cm}^{-3}$**

2.5. The side length of a cube is 10cm. Its mass is 100g. The material's density is:

- A. $0,1\text{g}\cdot\text{cm}^{-3}$**
- B. $0,1\text{cm}^3\cdot\text{g}^{-1}$
- C. $10\text{g}\cdot\text{cm}^{-3}$
- D. $1\text{g}\cdot\text{cm}^{-3}$

2.6. The density of silver is $10,5\text{g}\cdot\text{cm}^{-3}$. Which one of the following statements is true?

- A. The mass of 2cm^3 of silver is 5,25g
- B. 105g of silver occupies a volume of 100cm^3
- C. 1000cm^3 of silver has a mass of 10,5kg**
- D. 1cm^3 of silver has a mass of 1,05kg